## 4. Exercise Sheet to Numerical Methods for Quantum Dynamics

The original work related to this sheet is the paper Computing quantum dynamics in the semiclassical regime of Christian Lubich and Caroline Lasser (which is found on the webpage).

Exercise 6: Consider a gaussian pulse of the form

$$u(x) = \exp\left(\frac{i}{\varepsilon} \left(\frac{1}{2}(x-q)^T C(x-q) - p^T (x-q) + \zeta\right)\right),\,$$

where  $q \in \mathbb{R}^d, p \in \mathbb{R}^d, C = C^T \in \mathbb{C}^{d \times d}$ , Im C is positive definite,  $\zeta \in \mathbb{C}$ . Show the following two identities

$$\langle u | xu \rangle = q, \quad \langle u | -i\varepsilon \nabla_x u \rangle = p.$$

**Exercise 7:** Prepare a short blackboard presentation, which presents Lemma 3.7 (on page 17 in the paper from above).

**Exercise 8:** Prepare a short blackboard presentation, which presents Lemma 3.12 (on page 21 in the paper from above).

Exercise 9: Prepare a short blackboard presentation, which presents Lemma 3.13 (on page 22 in the paper from above).