

**Exercise sheet no. 10 – Numerics for instationary differential equations**

**Exercise 25:**

Consider the Crank Nicholson method applied to the heat equation  $u_t = u_{xx}$

$$\frac{u_j^{n+1} - u_j^n}{\tau} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{u_{j+1}^{n+1} - 2u_j^{n+1} + u_{j-1}^{n+1}}{h^2} + \frac{u_{j+1}^n - 2u_j^n + u_{j-1}^n}{h^2} \right).$$

- (a) Derive the method.
- (b) Determine the growth factor

$$G(\alpha) = \frac{P(e^{ih\alpha})}{Q(e^{ih\alpha})}$$

- (c) Study the stability, that is, determine a  $\gamma$  independent of  $h, \tau$  and  $\alpha$  such that

$$|G(\alpha)| \leq e^{\gamma\tau}.$$

- (d) Find a  $p$  such that

$$|G(\alpha) - e^{-\tau\alpha^2}| \leq C\tau h^p (1 + |\alpha|^q),$$

where  $C$  and  $q$  are independent of  $h, \tau$  and  $\alpha$ .

**Exercise 26:**

As in the previous exercise, formulate the Crank-Nicholson method for the Schrödinger equation  $u_t = iu_{xx}$ . Study the growth factor  $G(\alpha)$ , stability and order of the method. In addition, show the conservation of the  $\ell^2$ -norm:

$$\sum_{j=-\infty}^{\infty} |u_j^{n+1}|^2 = \sum_{j=-\infty}^{\infty} |u_j^n|^2.$$

**Exercise 27:**

Is the initial value problem ( $x \in \mathbb{R}, t \geq 0$ )

$$u_t = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} u_x + Bu, \quad u|_{t=0} = u_0$$

with a constant matrix  $B \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2}$  well-posed?

**Solutions are discussed on 19.07.2024.**

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