### Exercise sheet no. 4 – Numerics for instationary differential equations

## Exercise 10:

Consider the parabolic differential equation

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \sum_{i,j=1}^{d} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left( a_{ij}(x) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_i} \right) - a_0(x) u \qquad \text{in } \Omega \times (0,T)$$
$$u = 0 \qquad \text{on } \Gamma \times (0,T)$$
$$u = u_0 \qquad \text{in } \Omega \times \{0\},$$

where  $\Omega$  is a given bounded domain in  $\mathbb{R}^d$  with piecewise continuously differentiable boundary  $\Gamma$ . The coefficient functions  $a_{ij}, a_0 : \overline{\Omega} \to \mathbb{R}$  are continuous and satisfy,

 $\exists \alpha_0 \ge 0 : \forall x \in \Omega : a_0(x) > \alpha_0,$ 

and the matrices  $(a_{ij}(x))_{ij}$  are symmetric and on  $\Omega$  uniformly positive definite, that is

$$\exists \alpha_1 > 0 : \forall \xi \in \mathbb{R}^d, \forall x \in \Omega : \sum_{i,j=1}^d \xi_i \xi_j a_{ij}(x) \ge \alpha_1 \xi^T \xi.$$

Derive the weak formulation of the problem and prove that classical solutions are also weak solutions.

# Exercise 11:

Let  $A \in \mathbb{C}^{N \times N}$ . Show: If the eigenvalues of A are inside a circle  $\Gamma$ , then

$$e^{-tA} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\Gamma} e^{\lambda t} (\lambda I + A)^{-1} d\lambda.$$

<u>Hint</u>: Use the Jordan normal form and the fact that each Jordan block is of the form  $J = \mu I + N$ , where N is nilpotent. You might also need a Neumann series.

#### Exercise 12:

Consider the heat equation  $\partial u/\partial t = \Delta u$  in  $\Omega \times (0,T)$  with homogeneous Neumann boundary conditions  $\partial u/\partial n = 0$  on  $\Gamma \times (0,T)$  and initial value  $u(\cdot,0) = u_0$ .

- (a) Derive the weak formulation. What is the space V and the corresponding bilinear form a on V? Is a V-elliptic?
- (b) Show the Gårding inequality

$$a(v,v) \ge \alpha ||v||^2 - c|v|^2$$
, for all  $v \in V$ ,

with  $\alpha > 0$ ,  $c \ge 0$ . Here  $\|\cdot\|$  is the norm of V and  $|\cdot|$  the norm of  $H = L^2(\Omega)$ . Which values of  $\alpha$  and c do you get?

### Solutions are discussed on 17.05.2024.

Contact person: Dominik Sulz - dominik.sulz@uni-tuebingen.de. Open door policy - just come to my office if you have any questions!