Universität Tübingen Mathematisches Institut Prof. Dr. Christian Lubich

## 8th Exercise sheet - Numerics for instationary differential equations

## Exercise 20: (Characteristic equation of multi-step methods)

(a) Show per induction for j, that the sequence  $y_k = \zeta^k$ ,  $k = 0, 1, \ldots$  satisfies:

$$\nabla^j y_k = \zeta^k \left( 1 - \frac{1}{\zeta} \right)^j,$$

where  $\nabla^0 y_k = y_k$ ,  $\nabla^j y_k = \nabla^{j-1} y_k - \nabla^{j-1} y_{k-1}$  for  $j \ge 1$ .

(b) Using this, show that for BDF methods (given by  $\sum_{j=1}^{k} j^{-1} \nabla^{j} y_{n+k} = h f_{n+k}$ ):

$$\alpha(\zeta) = \zeta^k \sum_{j=1}^k \frac{1}{j} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{\zeta} \right)^j, \qquad \beta(\zeta) = \zeta^k.$$

# Exercise 21: (Crank-Nicolson method)

Discretizing a parabolic problem using finite elements in space and the midpoint rule in time yields the following scheme:

For  $n = 0, 1, 2, \ldots$ , find  $u_{n+1} \in V_h$  such that

$$((u_{n+1} - u_n)/\tau, v) + a((u_{n+1} + u_n)/2, v) = (f((t_{n+1} + t_n)/2), v), \quad \text{for all } v \in V_h.$$

- (a) In each step, this is a linear equation system in  $\mathbb{R}^N$ . Derive this system.
- (b) Derive a stability estimate using energy equations.

#### Exercise 22: (Crank-Nicolson method)

Show that, in the situation of the previous exercise and under suitable regularity assumptions, the following error estimates hold for  $n\tau \leq T$ 

$$|u_n - u(t_n)| \le C (h^2 + \tau^2),$$

$$\left(\tau \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} \left\| \frac{u_{j+1} + u_j}{2} - u\left(\frac{t_{j+1} + t_j}{2}\right) \right\|^2 \right)^{1/2} \le C (h + \tau^2).$$

### Solutions are discussed on June 22nd.

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